


## DEFINING ALGEBRA

Algebra is a way of thinking and a set of concepts and skills that enable students fo generalize, model, and analyze mathematical situations. Algebra provides a systemic way to investigate relationships, helping to describe, organize, and understand the world. ...Knowing algebra opens doors and expands opportunities, instilling a broad range of mathematical ideas that are useful in many professions and careers. All students should have access to algebra and support for learning it.

## COURSE SEQUENCE AT NJ COLLEGES

## Non - STEM Students

- Basic Math (NC)
- Elementary Algebra (NC)
- College level Liberal Arts math course (C)
- Number Systems
- Quantitative Reasoning
- Contemporary Math
- Topics in Math


## STEM Students

- Basic Math (NC)
- Elementary Algebra (NC)
- Intermediate Algebra (NC)
- College Level Math
- Precalculus /College Algebra
- Statistics I


## CONTENT OF COURSES

## Elementary Algebra

- Expressions
- Equations
- Graphing
- Systems of Equations
- Polynomials
- Factoring
- Rational Expressions and Equations
- Operations on Radicals
- Quadratic Equations


## Liberal Arts Math Course

- Mathematical Logic
- Basic Set Theory
- Number Systems (Ancient, Bases
other than 10)
- Geometry
- Probability
- Statistics
- Modular Arithmetic
- Rational Numbers


# How best could I assess the impact of Elementary Algebra? 



## STUDY INFORMATION: STUDENT POPULATION

Full-Time First-Time
students needing
only a Liberal Arts
Math Course (non-
STEM)


## RESULTS OF ALL NON-STEM STUDENTS

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Group 1
Had to take Elementary Algebra before College Level math
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- 1st Semester Math Success Rate - $28.7 \%$ (in a Elementary Algebra class)
- 3 Year Success Rate in College Level Math - 40\%
- Total College Credits Earned in 3 Years - 33.22 credits

Group 2
Took no Elementary Algebra before
College Level Math

- $1^{\text {st }}$ Semester Math Success Rate - 69.6\% (in a Liberal Arts Math Class)
- 3 Year Success Rate in College Level Math - 77\%
- Total College Credits Earned in 3 Years - 49.68 credits


## REGRESSION DISCONTINUITY DESIGN

Takes advantage of the assumption that student placement scores directly above and directly below a predetermined cutoff on a standardized placement test are essentially random within a certain window.

## EXAMPLE OF RD DESIGN



## results Of Students scoring near the cutoff

## Group 1 <br> Had to take Elementary Algebra before College Level math

- 1st Semester Math Success Rate-48.9\%
- 3 Year Success Rate in College Level Math - 78\%
- Total College Credits Earned in 3 Years - 54.3 credits


## Group 2 <br> Took no Elementary Algebra before College Level Math

- 1st Semester Math Success Rate-70.0\%
- 3 Year Success Rate in College Level Math - 74\%
- Total College Credits Earned in 3 Years - 53.25 credits
* Aggregate data for 4 NJ Community Colleges.

What does this meant

## SCATTER PLOT OF TOTAL CREDITS EARNED IN THREE YEARS BASED ON PLACEMENT SCORE



## IMAGINE YOUR DATA HERE

## CONCLUSIONS

A student has a better chance of passing a general liberal arts math class than they do a developmental elementary algebra course.

The placement in elementary algebra alone is NOT a barrier to student long term success in college.
We need to determine the "other" factors that are making students place low and fail to progress.
"Do just once what others say you canlf doo and you will never pay afternition \{o their limitations again. ${ }^{\text {D }}$ James Cook

## YOUR REMEDIAL SEQUENCE \& OUTCOMES

## IF YOU ENROLL IN READING, WRITING \& MATH, WILL EVER GRADUATE?

## EMPOWERING COMMUNITY COLLEGES TO BUILD THE NATION'S

 FUTURE: AN IMPLEMENTATION GUIDE

## AACC IMPLEMENTATION GUIDE: RECOMMENDATION \#1: INCREASE COMPLETION RATES 50\% BY 2020

## It will take radical action, not talk

Public Commitment to Goals
Creation of Pathways
Expand Prior Learning Assessments
Devise Completion Strategies


Increase completion rates by 50\% by 2020

## It will take radical action, not talk

## PHYSICIST THOMAS KUHN

"Almost always the people who achieve these fundamental inventions of a new paradigm have been either very young or very new to the field whose paradigm they change.

And perhaps that point need not have been made explicit, for obviously these are the ones who, being little committed by prior practice to the traditional rules of normal science, are particularly likely to see that those rules no longer define a playable game and to conceive another set that can replace them:"

- Thomas S. Kuhn, The Strucłure of Scienifific Revolutions


## IDEA REVOLUTIONS



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3cp6pEzx3uw

To PASS my class all you need to do is successfully complete this problem, otherwise you are not doctoral ready as you do not possess the necessary skills for logic and reasoning required for leadership in higher education:

Multiply

$$
\frac{x^{2}-4}{x^{2}-25} \cdot \frac{3 x^{2}-14 x-5}{3 x^{2}+6 x}
$$

## LET'S DO RADICAL NOT TALK ABOUT IT.

- Have the data, have done the math
- Have the "Common Sense" outcomes
- Have made the national and state level conference presentations.


## LET'S DO RADICAL NOT TALK ABOUT IT.

- No more committees
- Use Board Policy
- No more required remediation, buyers choice.
- Three Tracks (STEM, Non-Stem, Technical) - Faculty have Summer to do this or Board will do it for them.
- Have the science, math \& research anyway.


## FOR MATH

- Change the Accuplacer cut scores
- Change the sequence
- Create Aspirational Curriculum Based Tracks
- Create STEM Boot Camps
- Give consumer the choice (after you share the previous success rates)
- And just for fun - apply the math findings to English too.


## SEE EXAMPLES THAT FOLLOW

## 2014 MATH SEQUENCE

|  | Remedia | College |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAT 050 Basic Math | MAT 051 Introductory Algebra |  |

## NEW MATH SEQUENCE

## STEM



Non-STEM


Applied
(AAS)

MAT 104
Technical
Math

## AFTER 1 YEAR (TYPICAL COMMITTEE "GROUP THINK" OUTCOMES)

- Math Faculty Meet
- Share with each other, the stories of students who did worse than ever.
- Convince themselves via anecdotal evidence that new system is a failure
- Bring their findings (stories) with recommendations to the president via academic VP to return to old structure.
- "Hey, I know, let's do the Math!!!!!!!"


## RESULTS - REMEDIAL ENROLLMENTS

WCCC Remedial Education Reforms


## FALL 2015 (OLD SEQUENCE) \& FALL 2016 (MAINSTREAM SEQUENCE)

## Fall 2015

- MAT 110 Topics of Math (Non-STEM) $=74 \%$
- MAT 111 Math for Bus (NonSTEM) $=84 \%$
- MAT 131 College Algebra (STEM) $=70 \%$
- MAT 131 Pass Rate of Anecdotal Expert: 50\%


## Fall 2016

- MAT 110 Topics of Math (Non-STEM) $=83 \%$
- MAT 111 Math for Bus (NonSTEM) = 82\%
- MAT 131 College Algebra (STEM) $=82 \%$
- MAT 150 (New) Elements of Statistics (Non-STEM) $=88 \%$


## WHYY

- Personal Economic Inferests
- Campus Polifics
- Power of Denial


## ½ IMPLEMENTATION COMPLETION OUTCOMES (IPEDS)

Measured Actual Graduation Rates


## LIVE GRIT, LEARN GRIT, TEACH GRIT



Vicki Davis -- https://www.edutopia.org/blog/true-grit-measure-teach-success-vicki-davis

## PHI 101 - NOW I AM GOING TO BREAK THE RESEARCH RULES

- "Read the chapter" (they don't read)
- Now spoon feed the chapter
- CHANGE: Teach Grit (1st 2 weeks)
- What happened?



## RD REFERENCES

## How to for RD Design

- Jacob, R., Zhu, P., Somers, M. \& Bloom. (2012). A practical guide to regression discontinuity. MDRC. http://www.mdrc.org/publication/practical-guide-regression-discontinuity
- Lee, H. \& Lemieux, T. (2010). Regression discontinuity designs in economics. Journal of Economic Literature 48(June 2010), 281-355.


## Examples of RD Design

- Bettinger, E. \& Long, B. T. (2005). Remediation at the community college: Student participation and outcomes. In Responding to the Challenges of Developmental Education. New Directions in Community Colleges, no. 129. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.
- Calcagno, J. C. \& Long, B. T. (2008). The impact of postsecondary remediation using a regression discontinuity approach: Addressing endogenous sorting and noncompliance. An NCPR Working Paper.


## REFERENCES CONT.

## Examples, Cont.

- Lesik, S. A. (2006). Applying the regression-discontinuity design to infer causality with non-random assignment. The Review of Higher Education 30(1), 1-19.
- Melguizo T., Bos, J., Ngo, F, Mills, N \& Prather, G. (2016). Using a regression discontinuity design to estimate the impact of placement decisions in developmental math. Journal of Research in Higher Education 57, 1231511.

Software and Technical Information

- Journal Articles and Modules for STATA and R: https://sites.google.com/site/rdpackage

